

Exploring Situation Theory Using InfonLab

Eugene Doma
School of Electrical and Information Engineering
The University of Sydney
Sydney, Australia
eugened@ieee.org

Bran Selic
Malina Software Corp.
Nepean, Ontario, Canada
selic@acm.org

Hon A/Prof David Levy
School of Electrical and Information Engineering
The University of Sydney
Sydney, Australia
david.levy@sydney.edu.au

Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

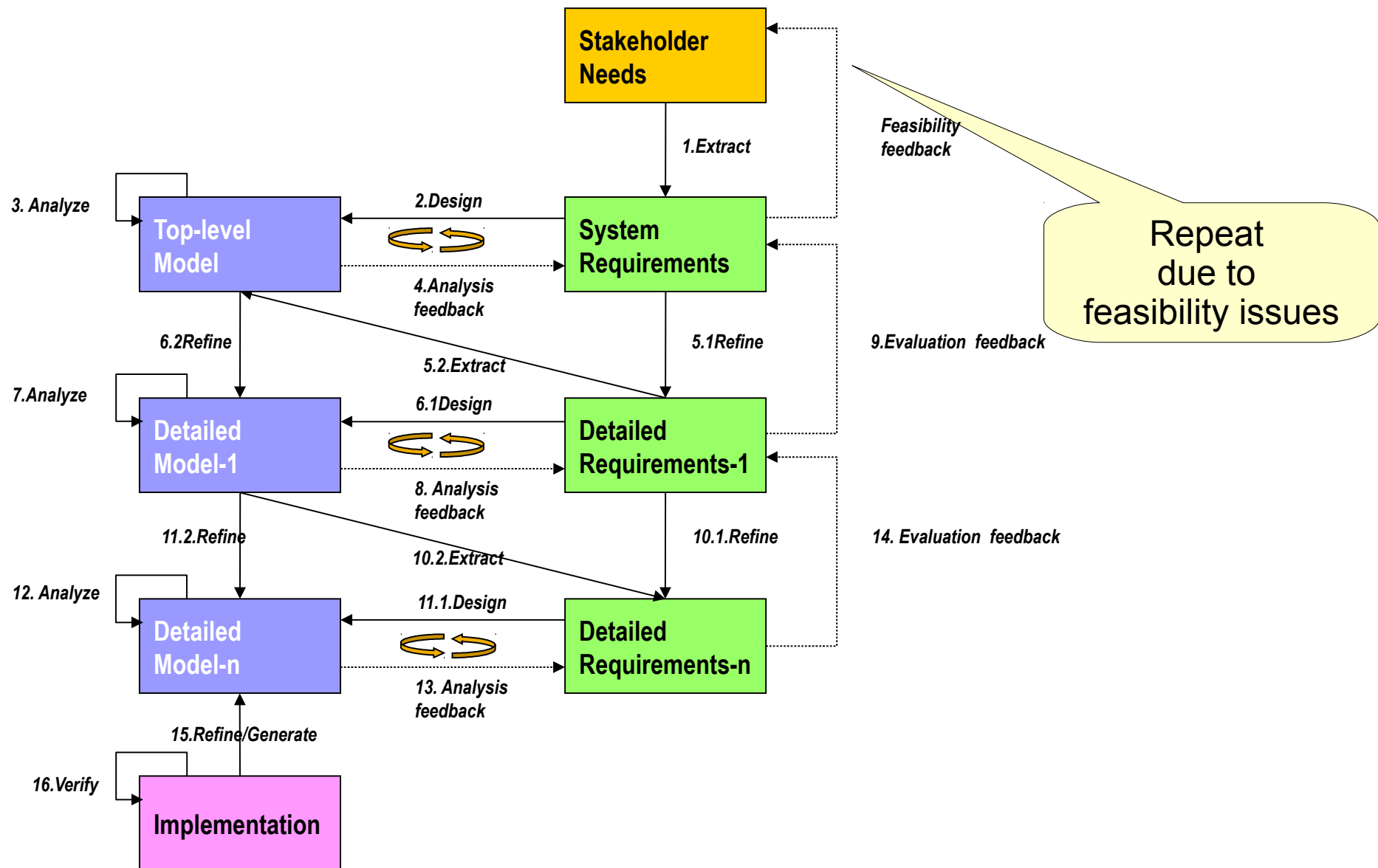
Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

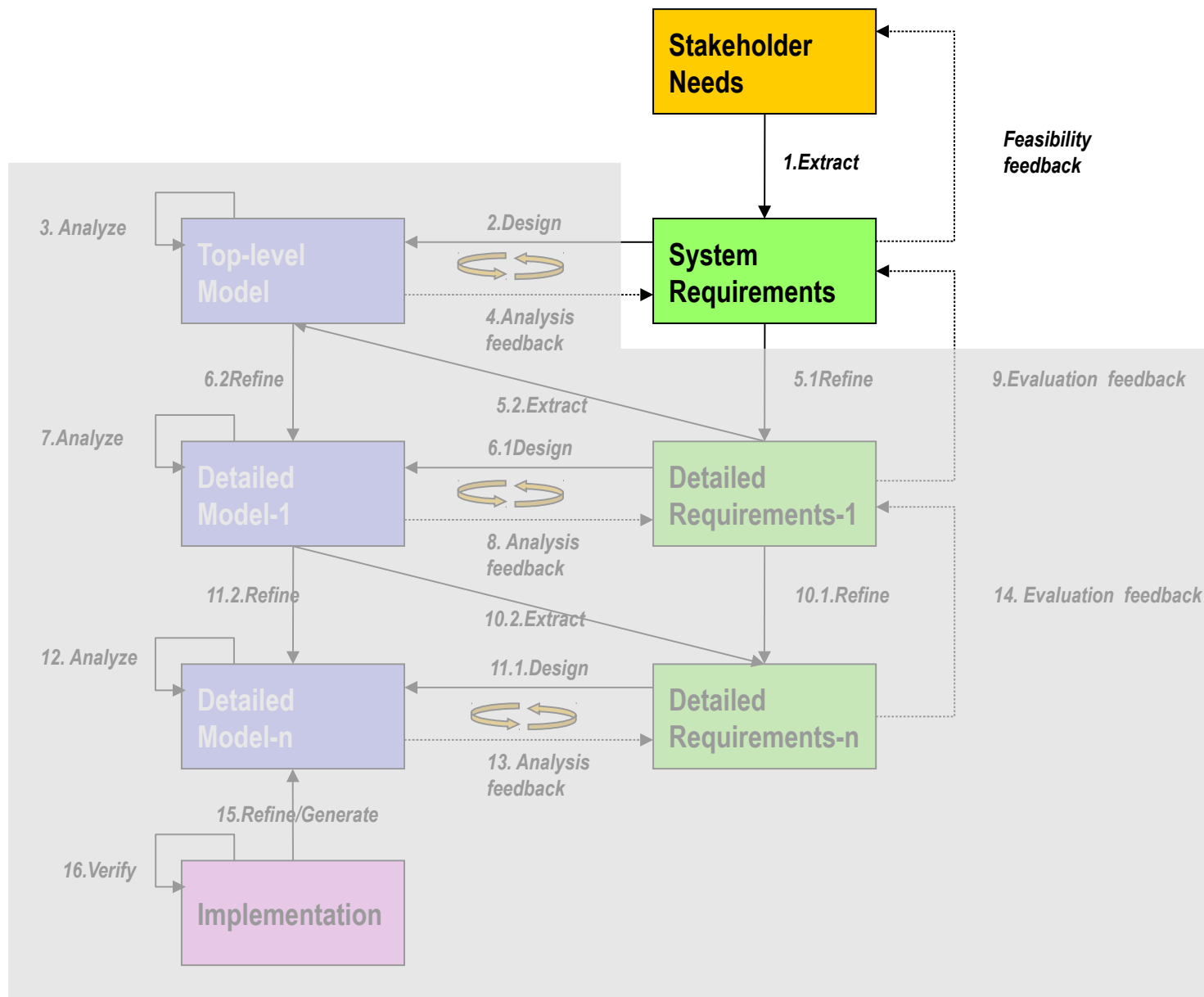
Objective

Transform requirements that are expressed in natural language to formal design specifications or programs that realize those requirements.

Agile / Iterative Development

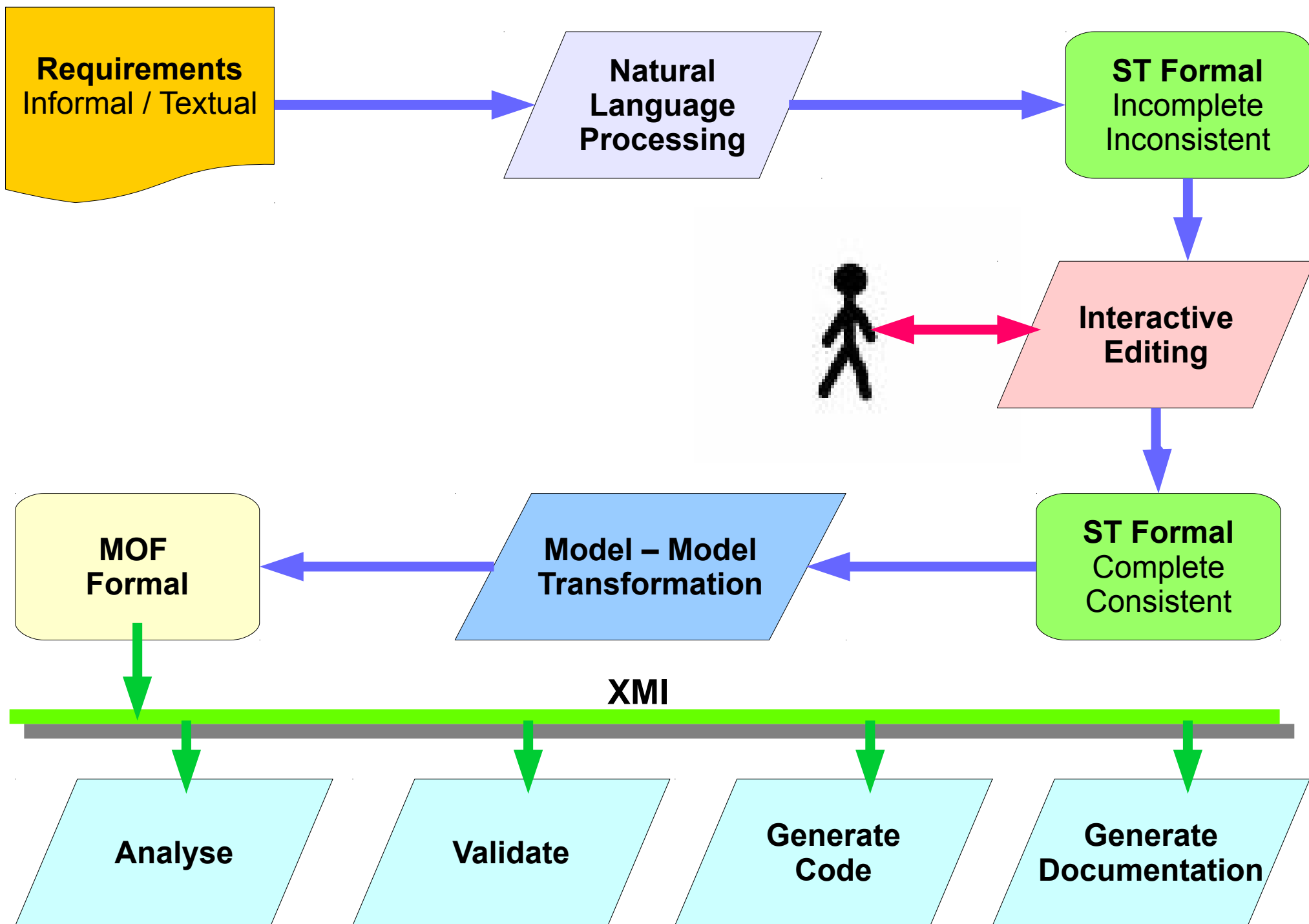


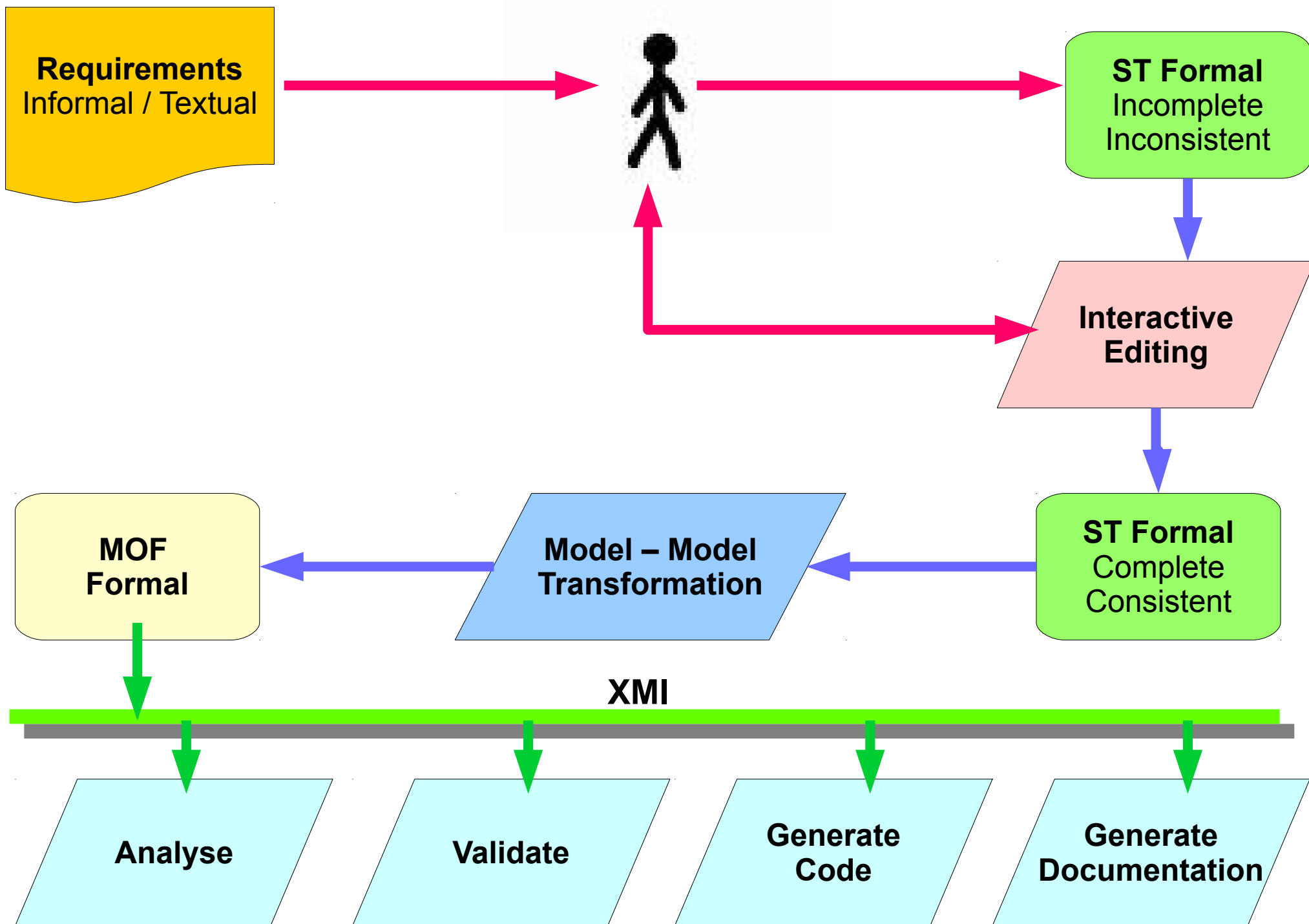
Agile / Iterative Development

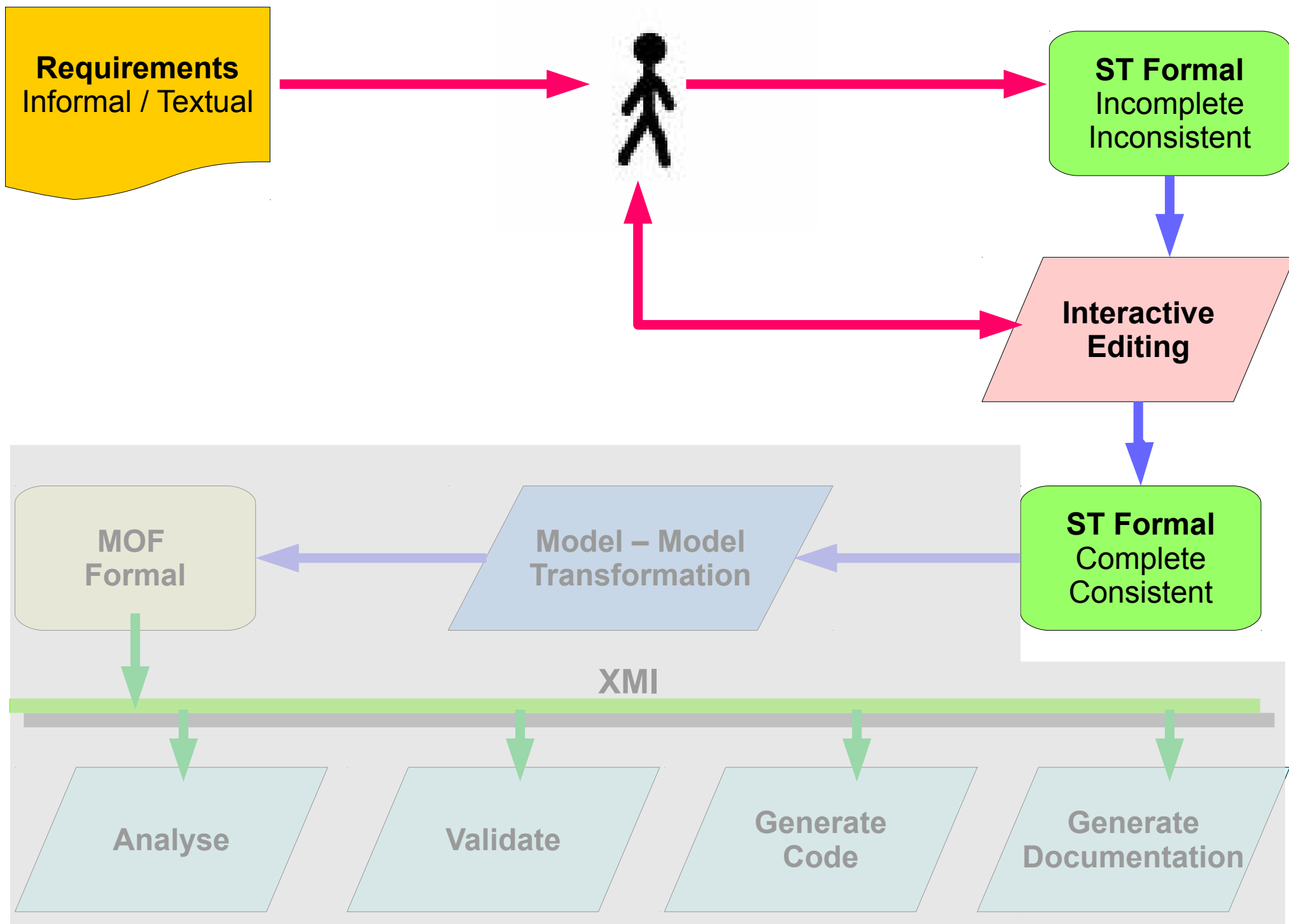


Approach

Identify and investigate an area of study which provides for the analysis and formalism for the content and meaning of natural language.







Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

Linguistics
(analysis of natural language)
+
Logic
(cast into a formal framework)
=
Situation Theory

Foundations of Situation Theory

- Jon Barwise - logician
- John Perry - philosopher / linguist
- Centre for the Study of Language and Information, Stanford University
- "Unified mathematical theory of meaning and information content"

Goal of Situation Theory

To identify and capture information
content in natural language
within some *scoped aspect*
of the world.

A Sketch of Situation Theory

- "The world is viewed as a collection of objects, their properties and relations"

- Infons - $\langle\langle r, a_1, a_2, \dots a_n; p \rangle\rangle$

r : relation

a_n : attributes

p : polarity

➤ $\langle\langle \text{waitingOn}, \text{car}, \text{light}; 1 \rangle\rangle$

Built-in Types

Type	Description
TIM	Temporal location
LOC	Spatial location
IND	Individual
REL	Relation
SIT	Situation
INF	Infon
TYP	Type (user introduced types)
PAR	Parameter
POL	Polarity
STYP	Situation type
ROLE	Role (of attribute in a relation)

STML - domain specific lang.

- INF(LOC, 'FirstAve')
- LOC('FirstAve')
- TYP('Road')

Relations & Roles

➤ REL('waitingOn',
 ROLE('waiter', TYP('Waiter'),
 ROLE('controller',
 TYP('Controller')
)
)

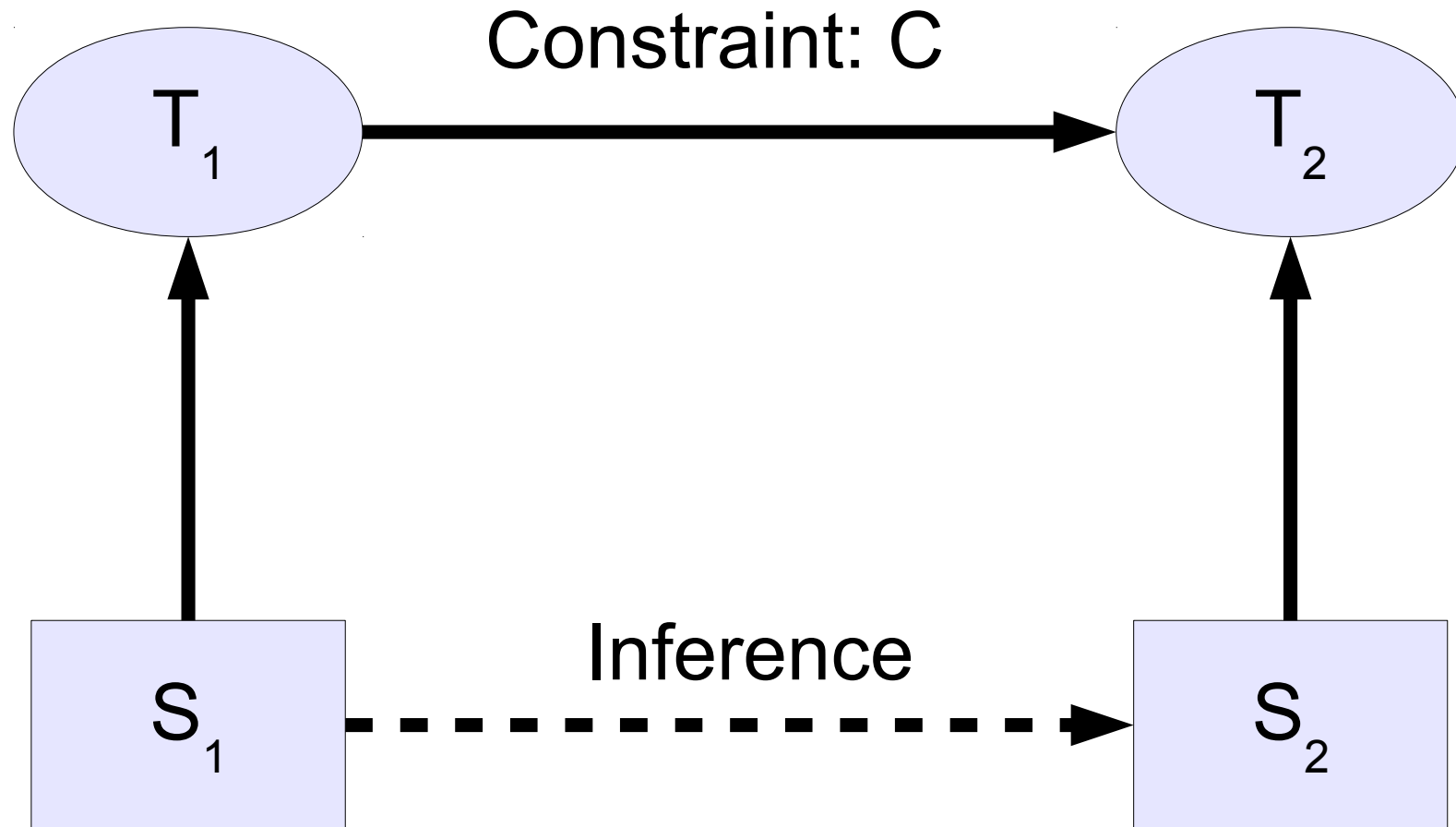
Situation

➤ SIT('FirstAveGreenLight',
INF(LOC, 'FirstAve'),
INF(On, green),
INF(Off, amber),
INF(Off, red)
)

Situation Type

➤ STYP('greenLight', PAR('Road'),
INF(LOC, PAR.Road),
INF(On, green),
INF(Off, amber),
INF(Off, red)
)

Constraints & Inference



Inference example

$T_1 := \text{STYP}(\text{'greenLight'}, \text{PAR}(\text{'R1'})$

$T_2 := \text{STYP}(\text{'redLight'}, \text{PAR}(\text{'R2'})$

$C := \text{CONS}((\text{R1}, \text{R2}), T_1(\text{R1}), T_2(\text{R2}))$

$S_1 := \text{INF}(\text{'greenLight'}, \text{'FirstAve'})$

----->

$S_2 := \text{INF}(\text{'redLight'}, \text{'ThirdSt'})$

Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

Model Based Software Engineering

- Abstraction
- Understandability
- Accuracy



Domain Specific
Language

- Specify
- Analyse
- Predict
- Validate



Formalism

Everything is a Model

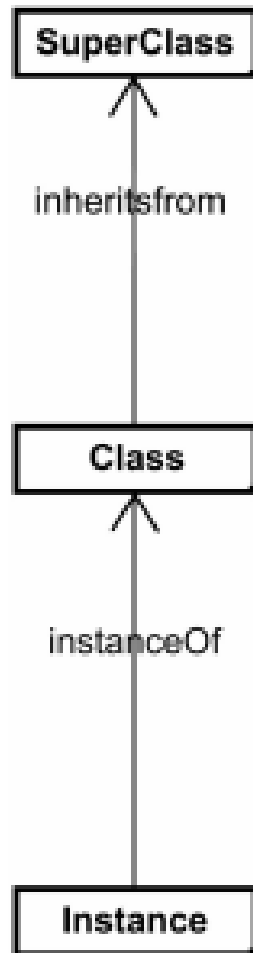


Fig. 1. Basic notions in object technology [P1]

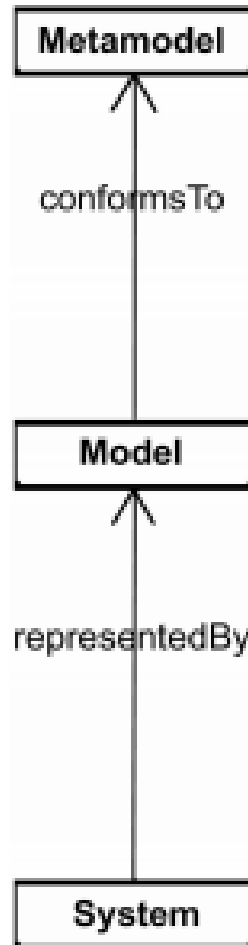


Fig. 2. Basic notions in MDE [P2]

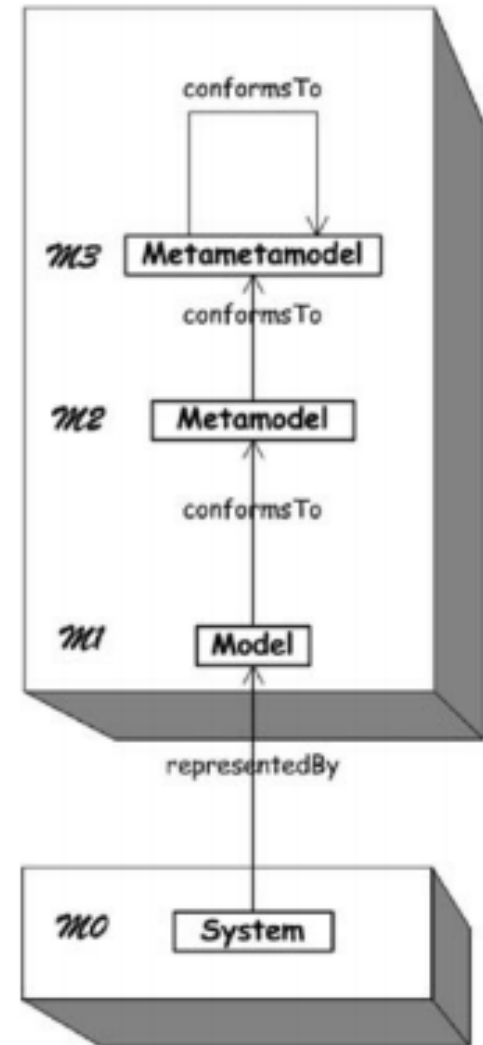
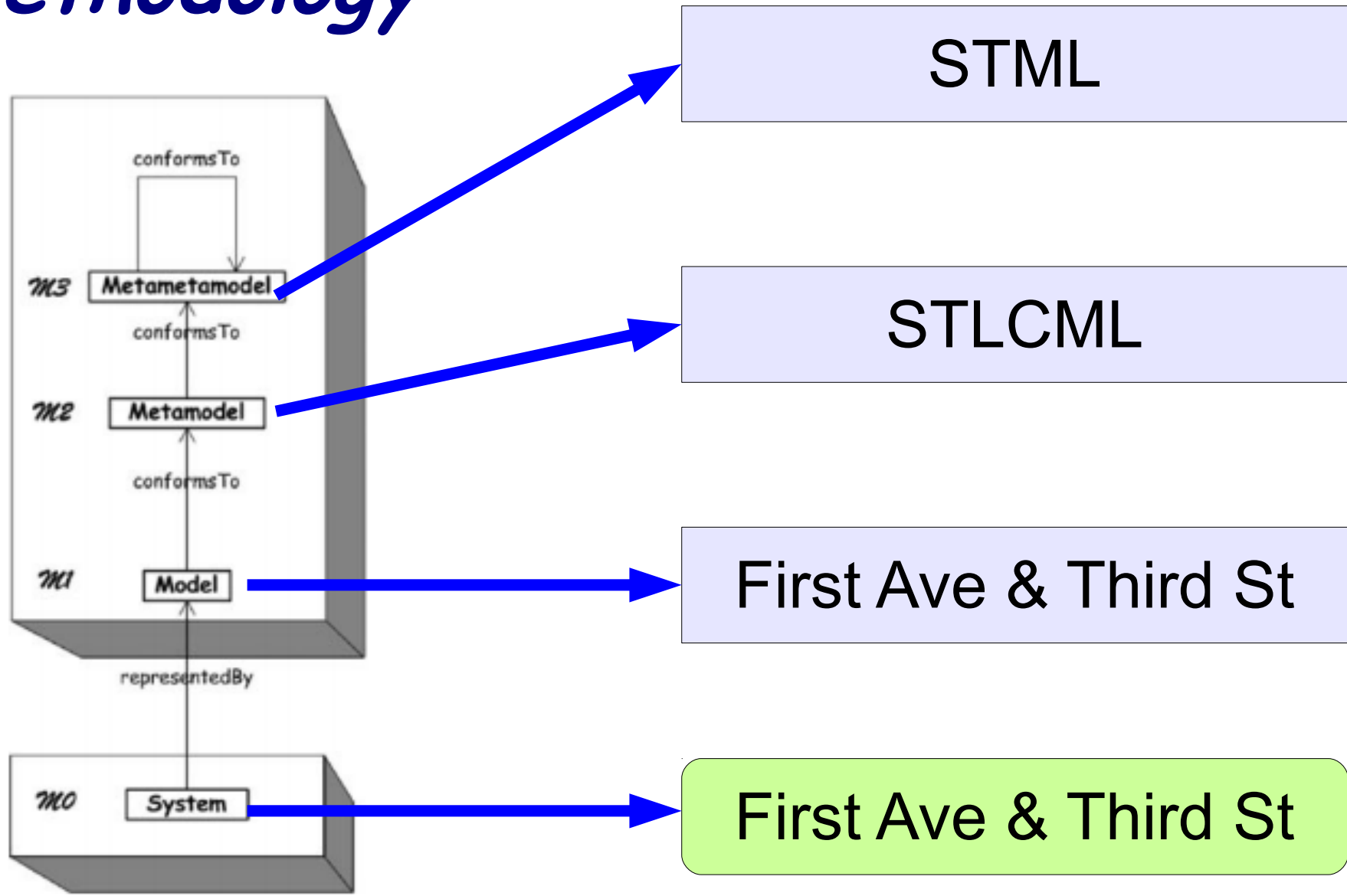


Fig. 7. The 3 + 1 MDA organisation

Source: Bézivin, J. "On the unification power of models" *Software System Modeling* 4(2) 171-188

Methodology



Meta-meta-model

Elements with which to create **Meta-models**

- Domain = meta-models
- Identify abstractions
- Define Domain Specific Language
 - Abstract syntax
 - Concrete syntaxes
 - Semantics

Meta-model

Elements with which to create **Model(s)**

- Locate domain
- Identify abstractions
- Define Domain Specific Language
 - Abstract syntax
 - Concrete syntaxes
 - Semantics

Defining Meta-model

- ♦ Types
 - define domain specific object classes
- ♦ Relations
 - define relationships between object classes
- ♦ Situation types & constraints
 - define semantics

Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

InfonLab

Browser:
graphs, details
and help.

Workspace
& editor

Interactive
commands

History & log



Empirical Assessment

- ◆ Informal text to infons transformation
 - possible to perform manually
- ◆ Situation theory
 - used to define meta-model (DSML)
- ◆ Model (in DSML) mapped to infons

Agenda

- Objective and Approach
- Situation Theory: Why, What
- MBE Based on Situation Theory
- Empirical Assessment
- Conclusions

Conclusion

- ◆ Situation theory found to be capable of
 - defining meta-models
 - representing models
 - defining some domain semantics
- ◆ Situation theory = linguistics + logic
fit for analysis & modeling tasks
- ◆ Natural language processing and situation semantics analysis front-end essential

Conclusion ...

- ◆ Tooling needs many improvements
 - ◆ InfonLab needs improved error handling
 - ◆ InfonLab GUI needs more work
- ◆ With above improvements could attempt more complex examples
- ◆ Need to export (XMI) to existing tooling for artifact generation, etc.

Thank you !

Questions & Discussion

